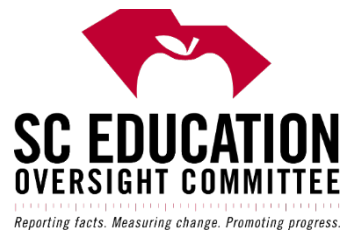

SC Education Oversight ASA Subcommittee Meeting

March 17, 2025



Welcome & Approval of ASA Subcommittee Minutes

January 13, 2025

Dr. Patty Tate



**SC EDUCATION
OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE**

Reporting facts. Measuring change. Promoting progress.

Information Item:

**Special
Presentation:
Stackable
Credentials System
& Impact on CCR**



Kayce Cook, Ivy Coburn, Dale Winkler



**SC EDUCATION
OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE**

Reporting facts. Measuring change. Promoting progress.

South Carolina's Tiered Credentialing System: A Strategic Approach to Career Readiness

Brief History and Partnership with SREB

Kayce Cook

Director of Career Readiness

March 17, 2025



SOUTH CAROLINA
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

1960

Session Goals

- 1. Discuss the purpose, rationale, and history** of moving from an equal-weight credential system to the new three-tiered system.
- 2. Review changes to the state credential list** and highlight how to read and use the updated list.
- 3. Outline the district transition plan** for implementing the tiered credential system in the 2025-2026 school.
- 4. Describe the new credential review process** and strategies to engage business and industry partners in credential validation and pathway strengthening.



Challenges in Credentialing Before 2021

- Equal weight given to all credentials, regardless of rigor or workforce value
- Some credentials lacked depth and did not improve career readiness
- Employers faced difficulty identifying job-ready candidates

OSHA 10

Heat Illness
Prevention

Department of
Corrections
Certificate

Snap-on/NC3:
504 Multimeter
Certification

Certified
Nursing
Assistant

NCCER –
Carpentry



Building a Stronger Credentialing System

- Partnership with SREB (Spring 2021) to restructure and prioritize credentials
- Focus on "credential currency" – real employment value
- Aligning credentials with labor market demands and workforce priorities



Statewide Workforce Alignment

- Cross-agency collaboration with the Workforce Development Council
- Identified high-priority occupations in South Carolina
- Ensuring secondary credentials align with postsecondary programs & job markets



A Data-Driven, Employer-Validated Model

- Categorizes credentials based on rigor and labor market demand
- Prioritizes funding, staffing, and resources for high-value credentials
- Provides students with clear career pathways and industry-recognized skills

1

OSHA 10

Heat Illness
Prevention

2

Department of
Corrections
Certificate

Snap-on/NC3:
504 Multimeter
Certification

3

Certified
Nursing
Assistant

NCCER –
Carpentry



SREB: A Key Partner in Refining Credentialing

- Expertise in career pathway development & labor market alignment
- Supports implementation of best practices from across the region
- Ensures credentialing is rigorous, transparent, and industry-aligned



Updates to the Credential System

Dale Winkler

Senior Vice President – Office of School Improvement

Tiered Credential System

The South Carolina Tiered Credential System is a structured framework that **classifies industry-recognized credentials** based on their alignment with ***workforce priorities, employer demand, and career progression opportunities***. It helps students, educators, and employers understand the value of different credentials in preparing individuals for high-demand, high-wage careers.

The system is organized into three tiers based on the economic impact, job market relevance, and career advancement potential of each credential.

Tier Descriptors

| Tier 1 | Tier 2 | Tier 3 |
|---|--|--|
| <p style="text-align: center;">Introductory</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">Intermediate</p> | <p style="text-align: center;">Career Ready</p> |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Foundational Skills: Validates basic competencies for further education or training. • Regionally Recognized: Accepted by local industries but not a statewide hiring requirement. • Early Career Pathway: Earned in the first stages of a CTE program, leading to higher-level credentials. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Industry-Aligned: Valued by employers but not always required for hiring. • Supports Career Pathways: Provides an employment advantage and job readiness. • Enhances Workforce Participation: Increases employability, but additional training may be needed for advancement. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High-Demand Careers: Required for employment in priority, high-wage occupations. • Clear Economic Benefits: Leads to significant wage gains, promotions, or job retention. • Career Advancement: Recognized entry point into further education, training, and certifications. |

The Full List

This list provides the entire SC Credential List sorted by cert number. The lower the cert number the older it is. The year added is also available to get a sense of when the majority of certifications were added.

The SREB Action column provides notes on usage, deletions or additional verification needed. Filtering out the credentials to be delted in all relevant clusters the takes the list from 610 to 506. There are an additional 65 certifications that have low usage and should be monitored.

| Cluster 1 | Cluster 2 | Cluster 3 | Cluster 4 | CTE Certification | Cert ID | Tier | Career Read | Year Added | SREB Action |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---|---------|------|-------------|------------|----------------------------|
| IT | | | | CompTIA A+ | 1 | 3 | Y | | Low usage |
| IT | | | | Academy of Information Technology | 2 | 2 | Y | | Delete |
| ARC | | | | ARI-Industry Competency Exams (ICE) | 3 | 3 | | | |
| ARC | MAN | | | The American Welding Society (AWS) | 7 | 3 | Y | | |
| HOSP | | | | Academy of Hospitality and Tourism | 9 | 2 | | | Delete |
| MAN | | | | Electronics Technician | 10 | 3 | Y | | |
| HLTH | | | | Certified Nurse Aide (CNA) | 12 | 3 | Y | | |
| IT | | | | Cisco Certified Network Associate | 14 | 3 | Y | | Low usage |
| HLTH | | | | Emergency Medical Technician (EMT) Certification | 15 | 3 | Y | | |
| ARC | | | | EPA Section 608 | 17 | 3 | Y | | |
| HLTH | LAW | | | First Responder Certification | 18 | 2 | Y | | |
| BUS | IT | FIN | | IC 3 (Internet and Computer Core Certification) | 19 | 1 | Y | | Low usage in FIN |
| HLTH | | | | National Health Science Certificate (NHSC) | 24 | 2 | Y | | |
| ARC | | | | NCCER-A/C Ref. Technology | 25 | 3 | Y | | Low usage |
| ARC | | | | NCCER-Carpentry | 26 | 3 | Y | | |
| ARC | | | | NCCER-Electricity | 27 | 3 | Y | | |
| ARC | | | | NCCER-Masonry | 29 | 3 | Y | | Low usage |
| ARC | | | | NCCER-Plumbing | 30 | 3 | Y | | Low usage |
| MAN | | | | NCCER-Welding Technology | 31 | 3 | Y | | |
| IT | | | | CompTIA Network+ | 32 | 3 | Y | | |
| MAN | | | | National Institute for Metalworking Skills (NIMS) | 33 | 3 | Y | | |
| AGR | TRA | | | Outdoor Power Equipment | 34 | 3 | Y | | Low usage; none since 2021 |
| HLTH | | | | Certified Pharmacy Technician (CPHT) | 35 | 3 | Y | | |
| HOSP | | | | ProStart | 37 | 3 | Y | | |
| HUM | | | | South Carolina Cosmetology License | 39 | 3 | Y | | |

This sheet provides the list of certifications that are recommended to be cut or reviewed due to low usage. This list may be helpful to get a clearer picture of the certifications that are deleted as well as those that should be monitored closely.

The sheets following this one break the credentials list down by cluster and show the credential list with certifications recommended to be cut already removed. Those recommended for review use red text. Usage data has been maintained in these sheets.

| CLUSTER | CERT ID | CERTIFICATION NAME | YEAR ADDED | Admins since 2018 | SREB List REC | COMMENTS |
|---------|---------|---|-----------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
| ALL | 323 | Charlotte Works: Working Smart | 2020 | 0 | cut | |
| ALL | 428 | Career Prep-A Virtual Career Guidance Center | 2021 | 0 | cut | |
| ALL | 425 | Skills USA Career Essentials Certification | 2020 | 4 | review | |
| ALL | 430 | Leadership Essentials | 2021 | 25 | review | |
| AGR | 258 | TVMA (Texas Veterinary Medical Association) Certified Veterinary Assistant | 2019 | 0 | cut | Expensive Curriculum |
| AGR | 447 | American Meat Science Association (AMSA) Culinary Meat Selections & Cookery Certification | 2021 | 0 | cut | Not a strong meat processing program in state. |
| AGR | 450 | Snap-on/NC3: Battery, Starting and Charging Certification | 2021 | 0 | cut | |
| AGR | 454 | Snap-on/NC3: Wheel Service and Alignment Certification | 2021 | 0 | cut | |
| AGR | 371 | YouScience Industry Certification: Small Engineer Repair I | 2020 | 0 | cut | |
| AGR | 260 | Pesticide Applicators License | 2019 | 29 | review | Valuable Certificate |
| AGR | 261 | Veterinary Assistance Certification | 2019 | 13 | review | |
| AGR | A79 | AMSA Food Safety and Science Certification | 2017 | 14 | review | Not a strong meat processing program in state. |
| AGR | A83 | AMSA Meat Evaluation Certification | 2017 | 40 | review | Not a strong meat processing program in state. |
| ARC | 352 | Level 1: Fundamentals Electricity | 2020 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | 353 | Level 1: Fundamentals Mechanical Systems | 2020 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | 354 | Level 1: Fundamentals Fluid Power - Hydraulics | 2020 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | 355 | Level 1: Fundamentals Industry 4.0 | 2020 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | 356 | Precision Measurement Instruments Certification | 2020 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | 363 | YouScience Industry Certification: CAD Architectural Design II | 2020 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | 364 | YouScience Industry Certification: CAD Architectural Design III | 2020 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | 367 | YouScience Industry Certification: CAD Mechanical Design III | 2020 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | 224 | Certified LabVIEW Associate Developer (CLAD) | 2018 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | A47 | RCA-House Wiring | 2014 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | A48 | RCA-Electrical Wiring | 2014 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | 171 | Certified Production Technician | 2018 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | 249 | Digital Multimeter (DMM) Certification 525 | 2019 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | 345 | CTECS: Welding Technology | 2020 | 0 | cut | |
| ARC | 3 | ARI-Industry Competency Exams (ICE) | 2010 or earlier | 1 | review | Only 1 administration in 2024. |

Updated Tiered List (Comment Access)

| A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | R | S | T | U | V | W | X |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|--|------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| Clstr 1 | Clstr 2 | Clstr 3 | Clstr 4 | Cert ID (SRPG) | CTE Certification | Tier | Currently CR Approved | Year Added | Certs Admin FY22 (51,720) | Certs Passed FY22 (46,714) | Certs Admin FY23 (64,212) | Certs Passed FY23 (56,764) | Certs Admin FY24 (84,519) | Certs Passed FY24 (74,238) | Total Earned since 2018 |
| AGR | | | | | Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources CLUSTER Enrollment | | | | 15,258 | | 15,697 | | | | |
| AGR | | | | 432 | Hunter Education | 1 | No | 2021 | | | | | 1385 | 1314 | 1,385 |
| AGR | BUS | FIN | | A85 | Southwest Airlines Professional Communications Certification | 1 | No | 2017 | 68 | 39 | 80 | 62 | 60 | 44 | 284 |
| AGR | | | | 431 | NHJTCA Equine Management and Evaluation Certification | 2 | Yes | 2021 | | | 29 | 27 | 48 | 43 | 77 |
| AGR | | | | 503 | YouScience Industry Certification: Veterinary Assistant I | 2 | No | 2023 | | | | | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| AGR | | | | 228 | EETC Principles of Small Engine Technology Certification | 2 | Yes | 2018 | 85 | 56 | 98 | 66 | 170 | 109 | 472 |
| TRA | AGR | | | 248 | South Carolina Boater Education Certificate | 2 | No | 2019 | 12 | 12 | 37 | 37 | 78 | 73 | 189 |
| AGR | | | | 420 | Ducks Unlimited Ecology Conservation and Management | 2 | Yes | 2020 | 14 | 14 | 60 | 55 | 163 | 125 | 308 |
| AGR | | | | A81 | Agricultural Mechanics and Technology | 2 | No | 2020 | 13 | 9 | 14 | 10 | 22 | 21 | 59 |
| AGR | | | | 422 | Environmental and Natural Resources | 2 | No | 2020 | 82 | 53 | 71 | 53 | 39 | 32 | 214 |
| AGR | | | | 423 | Horticulture | 2 | No | 2020 | 9 | 4 | 31 | 17 | 74 | 65 | 117 |
| AGR | | | | 424 | Plant and Animal Systems | 2 | No | 2020 | 29 | 27 | 102 | 94 | 86 | 67 | 249 |
| AGR | | | | A82 | Benz School of Floral Design-Principles of Floral Design Certification | 2 | Yes | 2017 | 19 | 19 | 24 | 24 | 16 | 16 | 60 |
| AGR | | | | A84 | NCLCA Principles of Livestock Selection & Evaluation Certification | 2 | Yes | 2017 | 46 | 42 | 27 | 27 | 37 | 27 | 173 |
| AGR | | | | 504 | YouScience Industry Certification: Veterinary Assistant II | 3 | No | 2023 | | | | | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| AGR | | | | 577 | NRCS Fundamentals of Conservation & sustainability in Agriculture | 3 | | 2024 | | | | | | | 0 |
| AGR | | | | 260 | Pesticide Applicators License | 3 | Yes | 2019 | 18 | 13 | 2 | 2 | | | 29 |
| AGR | | | | 261 | Veterinary Assistance Certification | 3 | Yes | 2019 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | | 13 |
| AGR | TRA | | | 34 | Outdoor Power Equipment | 3 | Yes | 2010 or earlier | | | 2 | 1 | | | 53 |
| AGR | HUM | STEM | HOSP | A79 | AMSA Food Safety and Science Certification | 3 | Yes | 2017 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 14 |
| AGR | | | | A80 | BASF Plant Science Certification | 3 | Yes | 2017 | 108 | 73 | 167 | 147 | 155 | 133 | 635 |
| AGR | | | | A81 | Elanco Fundamentals of Animal Science Certification | 3 | Yes | 2017 | 285 | 251 | 310 | 301 | 331 | 282 | 1,523 |
| AGR | | | | A83 | AMSA Meat Evaluation Certification | 3 | Yes | 2017 | 9 | 9 | 12 | 12 | 2 | 4 | 40 |
| AGR | HLTH | | | A86 | Elanco Veterinary Medical Applications Certification | 3 | Yes | 2017 | 210 | 205 | 246 | 244 | 321 | 311 | 1,000 |
| Total Certs in Cluster | | | | 23 | Total Certifications Administered and Earned for the Cluster | | | | 377 | 275 | 573 | 472 | 3,004 | 2,679 | |

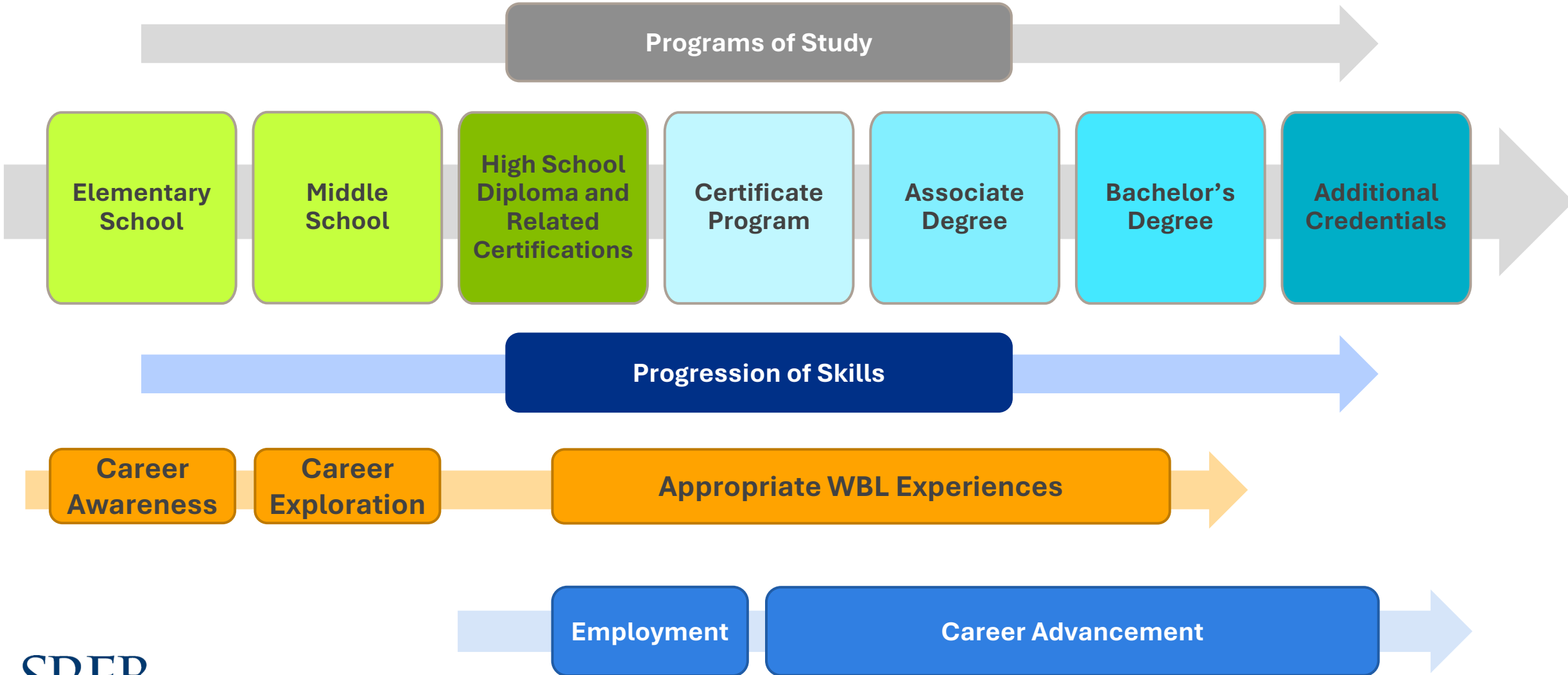
“ALL” or Universal Certifications

| | A | B | C | D | E | N | O | P | Q | R | S | T | U |
|----|-------------------|--|------|--------------------------|------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|
| 1 | Cert ID (SRPG) | CTE Certification | Tier | Currently CR Approved | Year Added | Certs Admin FY22 (51,720) | Certs Passed FY22 (46,714) | Certs Admin FY23 (64,212) | Certs Passed FY23 (56,764) | Certs Admin FY24 (84,519) | Certs Passed FY24 (74,238) | Total Earned since 2018 | Comments |
| 2 | 427 | Career and Life Essentials | 1 | Yes | 2021 | | | | | 302 | 252 | 302 | |
| 3 | 583 | Critical Career Skills: Professional Communication | 1 | No | 2025 | | | | | | | 0 | |
| 4 | A78 | Express Employment Professionals Career Preparedness Certification | 1 | No | 2017 | 55 | 52 | 7 | 7 | 75 | 42 | 202 | |
| 5 | 262 | FAA Part 107 UAV License | 1 | No | 2019 | 63 | 47 | 77 | 52 | 77 | 65 | 230 | |
| 6 | 430 | Leadership Essentials | 1 | Yes | 2021 | | | | | 25 | 11 | 25 | |
| 7 | A94 | Microburst EmployABILITY Soft Skills Certification | 1 | Yes | 2017 | 8,655 | 7,542 | 9,599 | 8,474 | 10325 | 9254 | 40,478 | |
| 8 | 63 | OSHA 10 General | 1 | Yes | 2010 | 12,644 | 11,914 | 13,596 | 12,858 | 17745 | 16662 | 63,164 | |
| 9 | 425 | Skills USA Career Essentials Certification | 1 | Yes | 2020 | | | | | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| 10 | 429 | Soft Skills Pro-Industry Certificaion | 1 | Yes | 2021 | | | 24 | 24 | 410 | 353 | 434 | |

Why Transition to a Tiered System?

- **Better Workforce Alignment** – The tiered system ensures that students earn credentials valued by employers, leading to higher job placement rates, career progression, and wage growth. The tiered credential list will be reviewed and refined annually to ensure alignment with industry expectations.
- **Clearer Credential Differentiation** – By categorizing credentials into Introductory (Tier 1), Intermediate (Tier 2), and Career Ready (Tier 3), South Carolina provides transparency about which certifications offer immediate employability, advancement opportunities, and industry recognition.
- **Support for Stackable Credentials** – The system encourages students to build upon entry-level certifications to earn higher-level, industry-valued credentials, creating clear career pathways rather than disconnected certifications.
- **Stronger Connections Between Education and Industry** – Employers will play a key role in verifying that credentials provide real hiring advantages. Their direct involvement in credential evaluation strengthens the link between education, workforce readiness, and economic development in South Carolina.

SREB Career Pathways



Transitioning to the Tiered System

Ivy Coburn

Division Director – Education & Workforce

Transitioning to the Tiered System

- Beginning with students entering high school in the 2024-2025 school year, career-ready status for CTE completers will be determined by earning a **minimum of three points** within this system.
- Students entering high school prior to the 2024-2025 school year will meet career-ready status under the current system.



Updated Tiered List (Comment Access)

| | A | B | C | D | E | F | G | H | I | R | S | T | U | V | W | X |
|----|-------------|---------|---------|---------|----------------|---|------|-----------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | Clstr 1 | Clstr 2 | Clstr 3 | Clstr 4 | Cert ID (SRPG) | CTE Certification | Tier | Currently CR Approved | Year Added | Certs Admin FY22 (51,720) | Certs Passed FY22 (46,714) | Certs Admin FY23 (64,212) | Certs Passed FY23 (56,764) | Certs Admin FY24 (84,519) | Certs Passed FY24 (74,238) | Total Earned since 2018 |
| 6 | EDU | HUM | | | A64 | Advanced Child Care Training | 1 | Yes | 2015 | 6 | 6 | | | 1 | 1 | 15 |
| 7 | EDU | HUM | | | 385 | YouScience Industry Certification: Child Development | 2 | No | 2021 | 10 | 10 | 4 | 4 | 15 | 8 | 29 |
| 8 | HUM | | | | 448 | Barbicide Certification | 2 | No | 2021 | 222 | 222 | 307 | 307 | 588 | 588 | 1117 |
| 9 | ART | IT | | | 463 | Adobe Certified Professional Visual Design Specialist (ACP-VDS) | 2 | Yes | 2021 | 10 | 10 | | | | | 10 |
| 10 | HUM | | | | 469 | School Mental Health Certification | 2 | No | 2022 | | | 0 | 0 | | | 0 |
| 11 | HUM | | | | 470 | Student Mental Health and Suicide Prevention | 2 | No | 2022 | | | 158 | 146 | 157 | 132 | 315 |
| 12 | HUM | HLTH | | | 471 | Teen Mental Health First Aid (tMHFA) | 2 | No | 2022 | | | 0 | 0 | | | 0 |
| 13 | HUM | ART | | | 509 | Autodesk Certified Professional in Revit for Mechanical Design | 2 | No | 2023 | | | | | | | 0 |
| 14 | HOSP | HUM | BUS | | 537 | YouScience Industry Certification: Entrepreneurship | 2 | No | 2023 | | | | | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| 15 | HLTH | HUM | | | 264 | Sports Nutrition Certificate | 2 | No | 2019 | 303 | 302 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 2 | 572 |
| 16 | HLTH | EDU | HUM | LAW | 418 | First Aid | 2 | No | 2021 | 159 | 159 | 12 | 12 | 6 | 6 | 205 |
| 17 | HLTH | HUM | EDU | LAW | 44 | First Aid/CPR/AED | 2 | No | 2010 or earlier | 2,929 | 2,923 | 202 | 201 | 119 | 118 | 14,069 |
| 18 | ART | HUM | | | 80 | Adobe Certified Professional (ACP) – Visual Design using Photoshop | 2 | Yes | 2011 | 330 | 266 | | | 12 | 6 | 1297 |
| 19 | HUM | | | | A27 | South Carolina Hair Braiding Registration | 2 | Yes | 2013 | 57 | 57 | 66 | 66 | 112 | 112 | 375 |
| 20 | ART | BUS | HUM | | A39 | Adobe Certified Professional (ACP) Print & Digital Media Publication with | 2 | Yes | 2014 | 23 | 22 | | | | | 358 |
| 21 | ART | BUS | HUM | | A40 | Adobe Certified Professional (ACP) Graphic Design & Illustration with Adobe | 2 | Yes | 2014 | 150 | 107 | | | 6 | 5 | 436 |
| 22 | HUM | | | | A72 | S/P2 – Cosmetology | 2 | No | 2016 | 48 | 48 | 76 | 76 | 41 | 41 | 300 |
| 23 | EDU | | | | 267 | SC 15-Hour Health and Safety Pre-Service Certificate | 3 | Yes | 2019 | 142 | 122 | 25 | 19 | 37 | 37 | 315 |
| 24 | HUM | | | | 39 | South Carolina Cosmetology License | 3 | Yes | 2010 or earlier | 326 | 311 | 349 | 294 | 458 | 394 | 2314 |
| 25 | HUM | | | | 55 | South Carolina Nail Technician License | 3 | Yes | 2010 or earlier | 29 | 29 | 38 | 38 | 31 | 30 | 290 |
| 26 | HUM | | | | 66 | Broad Field Family and Consumer Sciences | 3 | Yes | 2010 | 24 | 19 | 49 | 30 | 67 | 38 | 146 |
| 27 | HUM | | | | 68 | Personal and Family Finance | 3 | Yes | 2010 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 2 | 7 |
| 28 | ART | HUM | | | 72 | Fashion, Textiles, and Apparel | 3 | Yes | 2010 | 1 | 1 | | | | | 8 |
| 29 | ART | HUM | | | 73 | Interior Design Fundamentals | 3 | Yes | 2011 | 1 | 0 | | | | | 9 |
| 30 | HUM | | | | 74 | Nutrition, Food, and Wellness | 3 | Yes | 2010 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 2 | 14 |
| 31 | HOSP | HUM | STEM | | A15 | ServSafe® Manager | 3 | Yes | 2012 | 368 | 246 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 1 | 1,170 |
| 32 | HUM | | | | A26 | South Carolina Registered Barber License | 3 | Yes | 2013 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 2 | | | 28 |
| 33 | HUM | | | | A28 | South Carolina Esthetician License | 3 | Yes | 2013 | 23 | 23 | 25 | 23 | 34 | 34 | 130 |
| 34 | HUM | | | | A42 | South Carolina Master Hair Care License | 3 | Yes | 2014 | | | 9 | 5 | 14 | 6 | 30 |
| 35 | AGR | HUM | STEM | HOSP | A79 | AMSA Food Safety and Science Certification | 3 | Yes | 2017 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | | | 13 |
| 36 | Total Certs | | | | 33 | Total Certifications Administered and Earned for the Cluster | | | | 4892 | 4614 | 1,796 | 1,668 | 2,394 | 2,572 | |

Earning Points in the Tiered System

Under the new tiered credential system, students must earn at least three points through one of the following combinations:

- One Tier 3 credential aligned with their career cluster.
- A combination of one Tier 2 and one Tier 1 credential within the same career pathway.
- A Universal Credential (e.g., OSHA 10) paired with a Tier 2 or higher credential within the student's career cluster.

Addressing Universal Credentials

Universal credentials are certifications that demonstrate foundational workplace skills applicable across multiple industries. These credentials validate essential employability skills, technical knowledge, or safety competencies that enhance a student's workforce readiness regardless of their chosen career path.

Examples of universal credentials include:

- Workplace Readiness & Soft Skills: Microburst EmployABILITY, Career and Life Essentials, Leadership Essentials.
- Safety & Technical Certifications: OSHA 10, FAA Part 107 UAV License.
- Business & Technology Readiness: Express Employment Professionals Business Office Technology.

Universal credentials may fulfill the career-ready requirement when paired with a Tier 2 or Tier 3 credential in the student's career cluster.

Clarification Notes

- A bundle of Tier 1 credentials will not be considered career-ready.
- Only credentials from the state's approved list will count toward career-ready status in the accountability system.
- To be considered career-ready, a student's earned credentials must align with their designated program of study and career cluster. Credentials earned outside of the student's career cluster or program of study will not count toward career-ready status.

Strengthening the System – Proposed Credential Review Process and Next Steps

Ivy Coburn

Division Director – Education & Workforce

Future Credential Review Process

1. Application Submission – School districts submit applications to the SC Department of Education (SCDE) with employer documentation verifying the credential’s employment value.
2. Three-Step Evaluation Process:
 - **SCDE Screening:** Ensures alignment with academic, technical, and workplace standards, plus links to postsecondary programs or apprenticeships.
 - **SC Department of Employment & Workforce (SCDEW) Review:** Confirms industry relevance and assesses if the credential leads to stable, living-wage employment.
 - **Industry Review:** Employers verify hiring advantages, career progression potential, and recommend tier placement, especially for stackable credentials.

Future Credential Review Timeline

First Semester

SCDE takes applications through October 15

November-December

SCDEW/CCWD reviews the applications in light of employment need

If there is an employment need, SCDEW/CCWD and SCDE will collaborate to confirm tier placement
Cluster area TACs will review new certifications annually to confirm tier placement or recommend revisions

EOC subcommittee reviews in January

Full EOC committee approves in February

Second Semester

SCDE takes applications through March 15

April-May

SCDEW/CCWD reviews the applications in light of employment need

If there is an employment need, SCDEW/CCWD and SCDE will collaborate to confirm tier placement
Cluster area TACs will review new certifications annually to confirm tier placement or recommend revisions

EOC subcommittee reviews in July

Full EOC committee approves in August

Technical Advisory Committees by Career Cluster Area

Ensure Alignment – TACs will bridge high school career pathways, postsecondary education, and workforce needs across South Carolina’s 16 Career Clusters.

Provide Industry Expertise – Members will advise state agencies on labor market demands, essential skills, and credentials needed for in-demand jobs.

Diverse Membership – TACs will include business and industry experts (51% of members), postsecondary instructors, CTE directors and teachers, and workforce agency representatives.

Credential Review & Program Improvement – This fall, TACs will virtually evaluate high school CTE credentials, ensuring alignment with workforce needs and the new tiered credential system.

Ongoing Workforce Engagement – TACs will meet quarterly to refine program offerings, strengthen career pathways, and expand work-based learning opportunities.



Questions



- Tiered Credential System
- Transition Timeline
- Strengthening the Review Process and Industry Engagement



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Information Item: Chronic Absenteeism Updates

- Parent Focus Group
- Parent Survey
- Public Awareness Campaign



Tenell Felder, EOC Communications Manager

Parent Focus Group on Chronic Absenteeism



**SC EDUCATION
OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE**

Reporting facts. Measuring change. Promoting progress.

Parent Focus Group

- ASA subcommittee requested an investigation of parent perceptions of chronic absenteeism

“A student only has to miss two days of school a month to end up chronically absent, so parents often don’t see it happening. Even when parents see absenteeism as a problem, they don’t always see it as their problem: According to the NPR/Ipsos poll, only 6% of parents surveyed identified their child as chronically absent – but the numbers nationwide show a disconnect.”

– Sequoia Carrillo, “With ‘Chronic Absenteeism’ Soaring in Schools, Most Parents Aren’t Sure What it is,” NPR



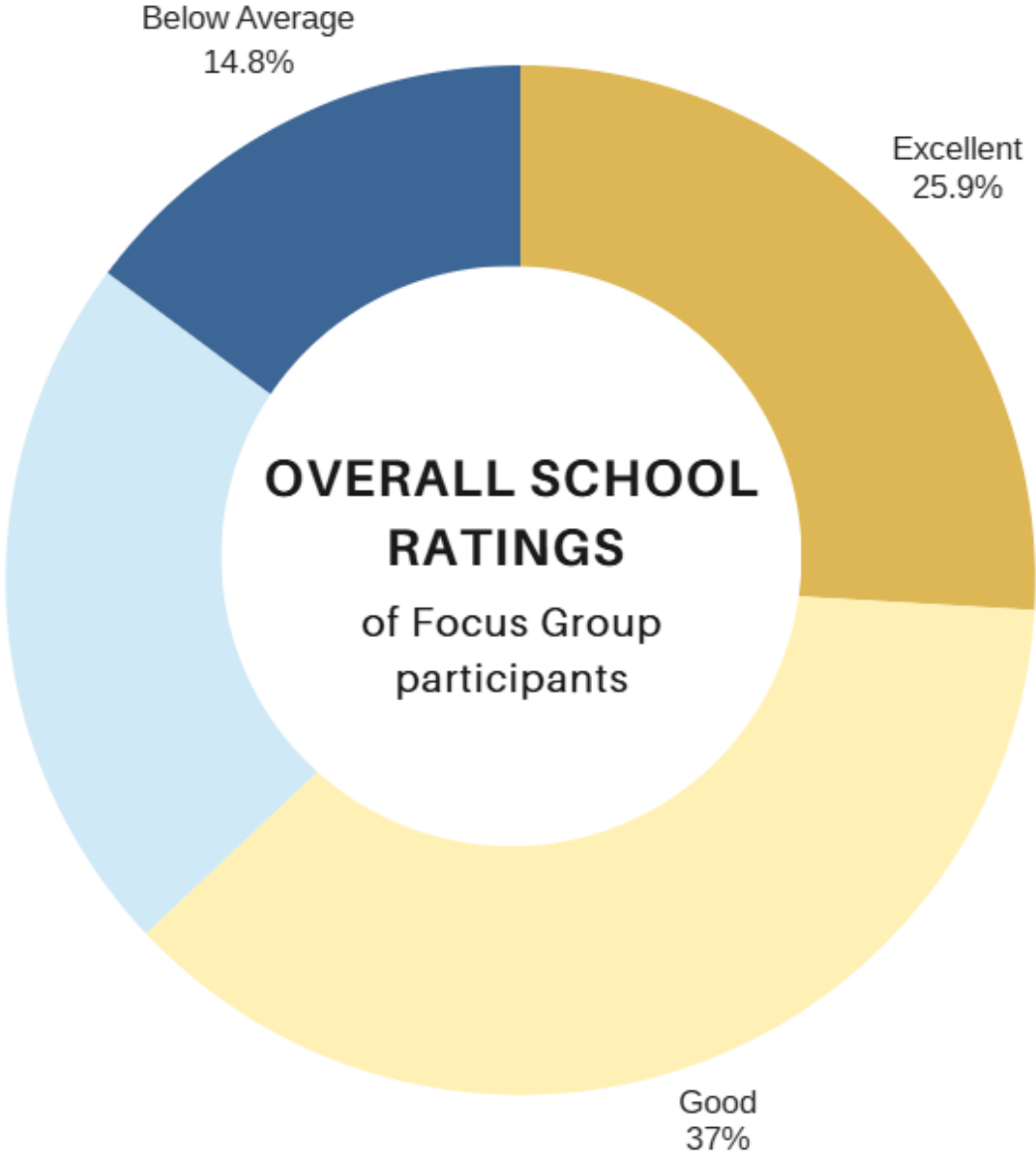
Methodology

“Three online focus groups were conducted among parents with children in public school. The groups were conducted on January 14 and 15, 2025. One group was comprised of parents of elementary school students, one was comprised of parents of middle school students, and one was comprised of parents of high school students.”

3 Focus Groups

-
- 9 High School Parents
 - Counties: Anderson, Beaufort, Berkeley, Colleton, Dorchester, Greenville, Lexington, Richland
 - 9 days or less
 - 9 Middle School Parents
 - Counties: Berkeley, Florence, Greenville, Lexington, Richland
 - 9 days or less
 - 9 Elementary School Parents
 - Counties: Beaufort, Berkeley, Charleston, Florence, Horry, Lexington, Richland
 - 1-5 days

School Ratings Breakdown



Parents' Familiarity with Chronic Absenteeism

Chronically absent: Any student in grade K-12 who misses 50 percent or more of the instructional day, for any reason, for 10 percent (or more) of the enrollment period.

Includes Excused Absences, Unexcused Absences and Suspensions – SC Dept. of Education

“As with students, chronic absenteeism is not a household term among parents. Further, there is some confusion between chronic absenteeism and truancy, how much of a day a student can miss before being considered absent, tardy versus absent, etc.” – pg. 1

“...It's kind of confusing to me because even if they're tardy, they count them absent and I had some confusion with that because I was like, how are they tardy and absent? I thought you get so many tardies that equal an absence, but they do it where your tardy is considered an absence and it's an unexcused absence. So, that doesn't sit well with me and I'm still trying to learn what's going on.” – pg. 5

🔍 Thoughts on daily school attendance

- General agreeance on need for daily attendance

“I think my kids should be in school every day unless they're sick. If my kids aren't sick, they're not running a fever, they're going to school.”

“I believe it's important to be able to articulate the curriculum more appropriately. They're able to ask questions, they're able to be more informed about the curriculum that they're learning about.”

Thoughts on daily school attendance, continued

- However, parents also expressed nuances...

*“I'm big on mental health days in our house. I feel like first of all, education is his only job right now, so of course he should definitely try to be there as often as possible. But even as an adult, some days I wake up and I can't... **So granted it might be once a school year, but I don't make him go.** He goes because he knows that's his job and he needs to focus on his education right now, but I will flex that a little bit if he's like, mom, I don't feel like going today. Sometimes I will let him off with that. **But I do feel like it's important to be in school every day because it teaches interaction skills, it teaches them responsibility for getting up and being where they say they're going to be and putting in the time.**”*



How many days of school can your student miss without being negatively impacted?

- Depends on different factors – time of year, grade level, the subject

“I feel being in middle school, it is hard to miss days because they have so much work that if they miss one day they're behind six different classes. In each class you have your physical online work that you're doing as well as paperwork as well as what you're hearing from the teacher. So, it is hard when they miss a day.”

“...I think it depends on the subject. In ELA, they might be doing a novel study where they can catch up with that reading. Math, they might be learning a new skill or building on that skill, whereas if they're missing that they might be missing how to do that. So, it might be a little bit more difficult class to class.”

🔍 Who is responsible for getting students to school?

- Collectively, parents across all grade levels feel “very strongly” they are responsible

“Agreed. The parents. Even though when I had a senior last year, she actually worked half the day and then went to school after and it was kind of difficult to get to school on time, but I was still the one, even after she turned 18, they called me. It was still my job to get her there even though I wasn't driving her, and I had no control really of her getting from work to the school, but the school still held me responsible.”

“They're just large babies. They're still just large babies. You got to wake them up.”

How are parents contacted when student is absent

- Parents contacted via phone, email and apps with automated messages

“We get contacted, we get text, phone calls, emails and carrier pigeon. I feel like we get all kinds of contact when they're absent.”

“We'll receive a call early in the morning if they're not there. And then same thing, we actually receive notifications from, I think it's PowerSchool or Schoology or maybe the county app, same thing. And then I'll receive an email at the end of the day and usually another phone call or text message at the end of the day. So, there's at least three to four communications for us throughout the day.”

Parent ideas for reducing chronic absenteeism

“Attendance awards... my first grader thinks it's the coolest thing in the world. Mom, you're going to come this week and celebrate me going to school every day.”

“That's kind of a hard question for me to answer. And I think the reason is because it depends on what were the reasons for why the person was out. So, if there was some type of family situations going on, maybe there's some counseling that needs to be added.”

▶▶ Conclusion

“Safety and mental health seem to be two of the biggest issues related to chronic absenteeism and perhaps should be priorities for the Education Oversight Committee ”

Parent Survey on Chronic Absenteeism



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Parent Chronic Absenteeism Survey

- Survey conducted on Chronic Absenteeism for purpose of informing our public awareness campaign
 - 2,663 parents completed the survey
 - All grades, Preschool – 12th grade, were represented.

Survey Questions

- What is the minimum number of days that a student can be absent in one school year to be considered chronically absent?
- Does someone from your student's school contact you when your child is absent?
- How many days of school do you think your student missed last year?
- If your student was absent more than 11 days, what disciplinary actions were taken by the school? (232 respondents for this item)
- Do you believe missing a day or two of school negatively impacts your child's academic achievement?
- Which are acceptable reasons for students to miss 50% or more of a school day?
- How important is it for your child to attend school everyday?
- Asked to rank reasons their child has been out of school
- What do you believe is most accurate?
 - Students should attend school everyday
 - Students should be able to occasionally miss (5-7 days a year)
 - Students should be able to frequently miss (11-18 days a year)

Survey answers

- **What is the minimum number of days that a student is absent on one school year to be considered chronically absent?**
 - 13 days (56% of respondents)
- **Does someone from your student's school contact you when your child is absent?**
 - Yes (93% of respondents)
- **How many days of school do you think your student missed last year?**
 - 1-5 days (54% of respondents)
- **If your student was absent more than 11 days, what disciplinary actions were taken by the school? (232 respondents for this item)**
 - No disciplinary action was taken (66% of respondents)

Survey answers

- Do you believe missing a day or two of school negatively impacts your child's academic achievement?

| | |
|---------------------------|-----------|
| Definitely not | 840 (32%) |
| Probably not | 556 (21%) |
| Might or might not | 514 (20%) |
| Probably yes | 337 (13%) |
| Definitely yes | 368 (14%) |

Survey answers

- Which are acceptable reasons for students to miss 50% or more of a school day?

| | |
|--|-------------|
| Doctor's appointment | 2,339 (89%) |
| Vacation | 854 (33%) |
| Concerns about school safety | 1,462 (56%) |
| Sports activities | 586 (22%) |
| Student is sick (fever/medical diagnosis like flu) | 2,558 (98%) |
| Mental health/depression | 1,748 (67%) |
| Problems with teachers or other students | 535 (20%) |
| Student says they aren't feeling well | 462 (18%) |
| Extra-curricular activities | 462 (18%) |
| Other | 282 (11%) |

Survey answers

- What do you believe is most accurate?

| | |
|---|-------------|
| Students should attend school everyday | 848 (33%) |
| Students should be able to occasionally miss (5-7 days a year) | 1,370 (53%) |
| Students should be able to frequently miss (11-18 days a year) | 384 (15%) |

Survey answers

- How important is it for your child to attend school everyday?

| | |
|---------------------------|-------------|
| Very important | 1,671 (64%) |
| Important | 761 (29%) |
| Somewhat important | 158 (6%) |
| Not important | 32 (1%) |

Survey answers

| Reasons: | Rank 1 | Number of Parents who ranked reason 1: |
|---------------------------------------|--------|--|
| Non-Covid illness | 1 | 1,063 |
| Doctors' appointments | 1 | 703 |
| COVID | 1 | 413 |
| Concerns about school safety | 1 | 185 |
| Mental health struggles/depression | 1 | 56 |
| Vacation | 1 | 51 |
| Transportation problems | 1 | 29 |
| Sports Activities | 1 | 18 |
| Extra-curricular activities | 1 | 9 |
| Problems with teachers/other students | 1 | 2 |

Public Awareness Campaign on Chronic Absenteeism



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Public Awareness Campaign Timeline (tentative)

- Development of campaign message points (March)
- Design/create campaign materials (March)
- Select pilot districts and marketing firm (April)
- Campaign kickoff (late July)
- Currently developing campaign message points
 - Working with mental health experts from USC's School of Social Work and SC Dept. of Mental Health
 - Working with medical experts



Tagline: ___ is not the same without you

Questions?



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Information Item: Credit Recovery Analysis

Dr. Matthew Lavery, EOC Deputy Director



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What is Credit Recovery?

Credit recovery is defined as a **course-specific, skill-based** learning opportunity for students who have previously failed to master content or skills required to receive credit. The term “Credit Recovery” refers to a block of instruction that is less than the entirety of the course. Credit Recovery targets specific components or a subset of the standards to **address deficiencies** necessary for **student proficiency** in the overall course. *(SC Uniform Grading Policy, p. 9)*

What is Credit Recovery?

- Designed for students who have failed to obtain credit for a course
- Designed to “fill-in” the content not previously mastered
- Results in receiving ***credit*** for the course, but does not change the grade
 - Student must either *retake the entire course* or use “*Content Recovery*” to change the grade received
- Responsibility for oversight and management of programs rests upon the district

Data Used to Investigate Credit Recovery

- Provided by SCDE: Complete Course History of all **9GR = 19** cohort (*started HS in 2018-19 and expected to graduate by 2022*)
- Checked against **Graduates Files** for **2021** (one year early), **2022** (on-time), and **2023** (5-year grad) to limit to **graduates**.
- Consolidations applied and special schools removed
- After applying filters data contained:
 - Course Histories for **47,962 SC Graduates**
 - From **268 High Schools**
 - In **74 Current Districts**

How Many Credits Recovered by How Many Graduates?

| Row Labels | Number of Graduates |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| No Recovered Credits | 40,605 |
| Has Recovered Credits | 7,357 |
| Grand Total | 47,962 |

| Row Labels | Percent of Graduates |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| No Recovered Credits | 85% |
| Has Recovered Credits | 15% |
| Grand Total | 100% |

| Row Labels | Number of Graduates |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Recovered no credits | 40,605 |
| Recovered up to 1 credit | 4,112 |
| More than 1 but less than 2 credits | 1,682 |
| More than 2 but less than 3 credits | 784 |
| More than 3 but less than 6 credits | 673 |
| More than 6 but less than 9 credits | 97 |
| Recovered more than 9 credits | 9 |
| Grand Total | 47,962 |

| Row Labels | Percent of Graduates |
|-------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Recovered no credits | 84.66% |
| Recovered up to 1 credit | 8.57% |
| More than 1 but less than 2 credits | 3.51% |
| More than 2 but less than 3 credits | 1.63% |
| More than 3 but less than 6 credits | 1.40% |
| More than 6 but less than 9 credits | 0.20% |
| Recovered more than 9 credits | 0.02% |
| Grand Total | 100% |

Among graduates with recovered credits...

- Across the cohort, **7,357** graduates (**15.3%**) have recovered credits (*henceforth “CR Graduates”*).
- **CR Graduates** have, on average, **1.82 recovered credits**, representing **7.6% of the 24 credits** required for a diploma.
- Most CR Graduates (**5,912**, or **80%**) have **fewer than 3 recovered credits**, with **4,112 (56%)** having recovered **one credit or less**.
- **Nearly 3% of CR Graduates (197 graduates)** have recovered at least **6 credits**, accounting for **25% of a diploma**.
- **Two CR Graduates (0.03%)** had at least **12 recovered credits**, representing **half of a diploma**.

Are CR Graduates Evenly Distributed?

- There were **four districts** (*Anderson 3, Dillon 3, Greenwood 52, and Spartanburg 1*) in which **fewer than 5%** of graduates had recovered credits.
- There were **30 districts** in which **at least 20%** of graduates had recovered credits.
 - They had **11,471 (24%)** of graduates analyzed, **2,913 (or 25%)** were CR Graduates.
- There were **7 districts** in which **at least 30%** of graduates had CR.
 - They had **1,065 (2%)** of the graduates analyzed, **456 (or 43%)** were CR Graduates.
- Two districts (*Clarendon 6 and Jasper County*) had **more than half** of their 287 graduates with recovered credits.
 - In these districts, **20% of CR Graduates** had **6 or more** recovered credits (**23%** in *Clarendon 6* and **17%** in *Jasper County*).

How Does Credit Recovery Affect Outcomes?

- Matched the dataset to **National Student Clearinghouse** records (*reduced the data to 47,875 graduates*)
- Checked to see if graduates:
 - Participated in Dual Enrollment
 - Received a Certificate within 30 Days of HS Graduation
 - Enrolled in College within 1 Year

How Does Credit Recovery Affect Dual Enrollment?

| Number of Graduates | Dual Enrollment during HS | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Row Labels | YES | NO |
| No Recovered Credits | 11,233 | 29,290 |
| Has Recovered Credits | 420 | 6,932 |
| Grand Total | 11,653 | 36,222 |

| Percent of Graduates | Dual Enrollment during HS | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|------------|
| Row Labels | YES | NO |
| No Recovered Credits | 28% | 72% |
| Has Recovered Credits | 6% | 94% |
| Grand Total | 24% | 76% |

| Number of Graduates | Dual Enrollment during HS | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Row Labels | YES | NO |
| Recovered no credits | 11,233 | 29,290 |
| Recovered up to 1 credit | 287 | 3,822 |
| More than 1 but less than 2 credits | 71 | 1,609 |
| More than 2 but less than 3 credits | 33 | 751 |
| More than 3 but less than 6 credits | 24 | 649 |
| More than 6 but less than 9 credits | 4 | 93 |
| Recovered more than 9 credits | 1 | 8 |
| Grand Total | 11,653 | 36,222 |

| Percent of Graduates | Dual Enrollment during HS | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|
| Row Labels | YES | NO |
| Recovered no credits | 28% | 72% |
| Recovered up to 1 credit | 7% | 93% |
| More than 1 but less than 2 credits | 4% | 96% |
| More than 2 but less than 3 credits | 4% | 96% |
| More than 3 but less than 6 credits | 4% | 96% |
| More than 6 but less than 9 credits | 4% | 96% |
| Recovered more than 9 credits | 11% | 89% |
| Grand Total | 24% | 76% |

How Does Credit Recovery Affect HS Credentials?

| Number of Graduates | Graduate HS w/ Credential | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Row Labels | Y | N |
| No Recovered Credits | 555 | 39,968 |
| Has Recovered Credits | 11 | 7,341 |
| Grand Total | 566 | 47,309 |

| Percent of Graduates | Graduate HS w/ Credential | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Row Labels | Y | N |
| No Recovered Credits | 1.37% | 98.63% |
| Has Recovered Credits | 0.15% | 99.85% |
| Grand Total | 1.18% | 98.82% |

| Number of Graduates | Graduate HS w/ Credential | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Row Labels | Y | N |
| Recovered no credits | 555 | 39,968 |
| Recovered up to 1 credit | 8 | 4,101 |
| More than 1 but less than 2 credits | 2 | 1,678 |
| More than 2 but less than 3 credits | 1 | 783 |
| More than 3 but less than 6 credits | | 673 |
| More than 6 but less than 9 credits | | 97 |
| Recovered more than 9 credits | | 9 |
| Grand Total | 566 | 47,309 |

| Percent of Graduates | Graduate HS w/ Credential | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| Row Labels | Y | N |
| Recovered no credits | 1.37% | 98.63% |
| Recovered up to 1 credit | 0.19% | 99.81% |
| More than 1 but less than 2 credits | 0.12% | 99.88% |
| More than 2 but less than 3 credits | 0.13% | 99.87% |
| More than 3 but less than 6 credits | 0.00% | 100.00% |
| More than 6 but less than 9 credits | 0.00% | 100.00% |
| Recovered more than 9 credits | 0.00% | 100.00% |
| Grand Total | 1.18% | 98.82% |

How Does Credit Recovery Affect College Enrollment?

| Number of Graduates | Enrolled within 1 Year <input type="button" value="v"/> | |
|---|---|---------------|
| Row Labels <input type="button" value="v"/> | Y | N |
| No Recovered Credits | 25,457 | 15,066 |
| Has Recovered Credits | 1,927 | 5,425 |
| Grand Total | 27,384 | 20,491 |

| Percent of Graduates | Enrolled within 1 Year <input type="button" value="v"/> | |
|---|---|------------|
| Row Labels <input type="button" value="v"/> | Y | N |
| No Recovered Credits | 63% | 37% |
| Has Recovered Credits | 26% | 74% |
| Grand Total | 57% | 43% |

| Number of Graduates | Enrolled within 1 Year <input type="button" value="v"/> | |
|---|---|---------------|
| Row Labels <input type="button" value="v"/> | Y | N |
| Recovered no credits | 25,457 | 15,066 |
| Recovered up to 1 credit | 1,229 | 2,880 |
| More than 1 but less than 2 credits | 409 | 1,271 |
| More than 2 but less than 3 credits | 159 | 625 |
| More than 3 but less than 6 credits | 118 | 555 |
| More than 6 but less than 9 credits | 12 | 85 |
| Recovered more than 9 credits | | 9 |
| Grand Total | 27,384 | 20,491 |

| Percent of Graduates | Enrolled within 1 Year <input type="button" value="v"/> | |
|---|---|------------|
| Row Labels <input type="button" value="v"/> | Y | N |
| Recovered no credits | 63% | 37% |
| Recovered up to 1 credit | 30% | 70% |
| More than 1 but less than 2 credits | 24% | 76% |
| More than 2 but less than 3 credits | 20% | 80% |
| More than 3 but less than 6 credits | 18% | 82% |
| More than 6 but less than 9 credits | 12% | 88% |
| Recovered more than 9 credits | 0% | 100% |
| Grand Total | 57% | 43% |

Credit Recovery compared to Chronic Absenteeism?

- Did not have accurate attendance data for 9GR = 19.
- Ran identical analyses on **2023 SC Graduates** ($n = 44,971$)
- Again, checked to see if graduates:
 - Participated in Dual Enrollment
 - Received a Certificate within 30 Days of HS Graduation
 - Enrolled in College within 1 Year

Chronic Absenteeism Outcomes (by % of days missed)

| Overall Incidence of Absenteeism Categories | | |
|---|---------------------|-------------|
| Row Labels | Number of Graduates | Percent |
| (00) Perfect Attendance | 5,459 | 12% |
| (00-05) Not Chronically Absent | 16,095 | 36% |
| (05-10) Not Chronically Absent | 12,941 | 29% |
| (10-15) Chronically Absent | 3,690 | 8% |
| (15-20) Very Chronically Absent | 4,224 | 9% |
| (20 or more) Extremely Chronically Absent | 2,562 | 6% |
| Grand Total | 44,971 | 100% |

| Percent of Graduates | | Dual Enrollment in HS | |
|---|--|-----------------------|------------|
| Row Labels | | YES | NO |
| (00) Perfect Attendance | | 42% | 58% |
| (00-05) Not Chronically Absent | | 29% | 71% |
| (05-10) Not Chronically Absent | | 20% | 80% |
| (10-15) Chronically Absent | | 14% | 86% |
| (15-20) Very Chronically Absent | | 11% | 89% |
| (20 or more) Extremely Chronically Absent | | 7% | 93% |
| Grand Total | | 24% | 76% |

| Percent of Graduates | | Credential out of HS | |
|---|--|----------------------|--------------|
| Row Labels | | YES | NO |
| (00) Perfect Attendance | | 5.4% | 94.6% |
| (00-05) Not Chronically Absent | | 1.5% | 98.5% |
| (05-10) Not Chronically Absent | | 0.5% | 99.5% |
| (10-15) Chronically Absent | | 0.3% | 99.7% |
| (15-20) Very Chronically Absent | | 0.2% | 99.8% |
| (20 or more) Extremely Chronically Absent | | 0.1% | 99.9% |
| Grand Total | | 1.4% | 98.6% |

| Percent of Graduates | | Enrolled within 1 Year | |
|---|--|------------------------|------------|
| Row Labels | | YES | NO |
| (00) Perfect Attendance | | 67% | 33% |
| (00-05) Not Chronically Absent | | 68% | 32% |
| (05-10) Not Chronically Absent | | 59% | 41% |
| (10-15) Chronically Absent | | 51% | 49% |
| (15-20) Very Chronically Absent | | 43% | 57% |
| (20 or more) Extremely Chronically Absent | | 31% | 69% |
| Grand Total | | 59% | 41% |

Adjournment



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